

Technical Writing Syllabus

RCAS Policies/Procedures

Students will be required to follow all RCAS policies and procedures. To view the RCAS High School Student Handbook, click [handbook](#).

Course Description

Technical Writing is a semester course satisfying the senior writing component. Technical writing will focus on the business end of writing and communication. Technical writing includes memos, letters, proposals, instructions, and research.

Grading

A student's final grade will be calculated using the total points method, each assignment is worth a specific number of points. Assignments will be weighted according to their length and scope.

Textbook

Teacher resources

The Business Writer's Handbook
Business and Professional Communication
Technical Writing for Success

Reading

Students will read a variety of technical documents both online and peer created.

Instructional Resources

TurnItIn.com
Canvas.com
Microsoft Office 365

Essential Questions

Why is it important to be able to write well?
Why does a piece of writing need a beginning, middle, and end?
Why is communicating my ideas an important skill
Why is it important to choose sources carefully?
Why is communicating within in a business environment an important skill?
Why do I need to give speeches?
Why do I need to support my ideas with evidence?
Why do I need to analyze a piece of writing? Self/peer
Why is communicating my ideas an important skill?
Why do I need to be able to write well?
Why do I need to revise my writing?
Why is communicating my ideas an important skill?

Essential Learning Intentions

Students will show understanding of a variety of ELA standards.

Reading Informational Text: Grades 11-12

11-12.RI.1: Accurately cite strong, relevant, and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferentially, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

11-12.RI.2: Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text to support analysis.

11-12.RI.3: Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.

11-12.RI.5: Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

11-12.RI.7: Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, verbally, quantitatively) in order to address a question or solve a problem.

Writing Standards (Grades 11-12)

11-12.W.1: Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

1. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
2. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
3. Use transitional words, phrases, and clauses, as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

11-12.W.2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

1. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
3. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.

4. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
5. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

11-12.W.4: Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, style and tone are appropriate to grade-specific task, purpose, and audience.

11-12.W.5: Use a writing process to develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grades 11–12.)

11-12.W.6: Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.

11-12.W.7: Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

11-12.W.8: Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

11-12.W.10: Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences; independently select writing topics and formats for personal enjoyment, interest, and academic tasks.

Speaking & Listening Standards (Grades 11-12)

11-12.SL.1: Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

b. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.

11-12.SL.2: Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.

11-12.SL.3: Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, intended audience, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.

11-12.SL.4: Present information, findings, and supporting evidence while respecting intellectual property; convey a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.

11-12.SL.5: Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.

11-12.SL.6: Adapt speech to a variety of contexts, audience, tasks, and feedback from self and others, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 11–12 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)

Language Standards (Grades 11-12)

Language Standards: Grades 11-12

11-12.L.1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

- a. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.
- b. Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references as needed.

11-12.L.2: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar; consult references as needed.

- a. Use hyphens and dashes correctly.
- b. Spell correctly; consult references as needed.

11-12.L.4: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable).
- c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.
- d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).